

# INFUGEM™ (gemcitabine hydrochloride in 0.9% sodium chloride injection)

## Dosing Guide

### Understanding Dose Ranges for INFUGEM™

Use **Table 1** to select the appropriate INFUGEM™ bag(s) for a patient who has been prescribed a target dose of **1000 mg/m<sup>2</sup>**.

**Table 1: Gemcitabine Dose = 1000 mg/m<sup>2</sup>**  
(Non-small cell lung cancer, ovarian cancer, pancreatic cancer)

BSA Range (m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated Dose Range	INFUGEM™ Infusion Bag(s)	BSA Range (m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated Dose Range	INFUGEM™ Infusion Bag(s)
1.15 to 1.25	1150 mg to 1254 mg	1200 mg per 120 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.11 to 2.30	2101 mg to 2304 mg	2200 mg per 220 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.26 to 1.35	1255 mg to 1354 mg	1300 mg per 130 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.31 to 2.45	2305 mg to 2454 mg	2400 mg (1200 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)
1.36 to 1.45	1355 mg to 1454 mg	1400 mg per 140 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1200 mg per 120 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.46 to 1.55	1455 mg to 1554 mg	1500 mg per 150 mL (10 mg/mL)			
1.56 to 1.65	1555 mg to 1654 mg	1600 mg per 160 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.46 to 2.55	2455 mg to 2554 mg	2500 mg (1300 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)
1.66 to 1.75	1655 mg to 1754 mg	1700 mg per 170 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1200 mg per 120 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.76 to 1.85	1755 mg to 1854 mg	1800 mg per 180 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.56 to 2.64	2555 mg to 2644 mg	2600 mg (1300 mg bag + 1300 mg bag)*
1.86 to 1.95	1855 mg to 1954 mg	1900 mg per 190 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1300 mg per 130 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.96 to 2.10	1955 mg to 2100 mg	2000 mg per 200 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1300 mg per 130 mL (10 mg/mL)

Use **Table 2** to select the appropriate INFUGEM™ bag(s) for a patient who has been prescribed a target dose of **1250 mg/m<sup>2</sup>**.

**Table 2: Gemcitabine Dose = 1250 mg/m<sup>2</sup>**  
(Breast cancer, non-small cell lung cancer)

BSA Range (m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated Dose Range	INFUGEM™ Infusion Bag(s)	BSA Range (m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated Dose Range	INFUGEM™ Infusion Bag(s)	BSA Range (m <sup>2</sup> )	Calculated Dose Range	INFUGEM™ Infusion Bag(s)
1.15 to 1.24	1438 mg to 1556 mg	1500 mg per 150 mL (10 mg/mL)	1.97 to 2.04	2457 mg to 2556 mg	2500 mg (1300 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)	2.37 to 2.44	2957 mg to 3056 mg	3000 mg (1500 mg bag + 1500 mg bag)*
1.25 to 1.32	1557 mg to 1656 mg	1600 mg per 160 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1300 mg per 130 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1500 mg per 150 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.33 to 1.40	1657 mg to 1756 mg	1700 mg per 170 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.05 to 2.12	2557 mg to 2656 mg	2600 mg (1300 mg bag + 1300 mg bag)*	2.45 to 2.52	3057 mg to 3156 mg	3100 mg (1900 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)*
1.41 to 1.47	1757 mg to 1844 mg	1800 mg per 180 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1300 mg per 130 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1900 mg per 190 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.48 to 1.56	1845 mg to 1956 mg	1900 mg per 190 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.13 to 2.20	2657 mg to 2756 mg	2700 mg (1500 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)*	2.53 to 2.60	3157 mg to 3256 mg	3200 mg (1600 mg bag + 1600 mg bag)*
1.57 to 1.68	1957 mg to 2100 mg	2000 mg per 200 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1200 mg per 120 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1600 mg per 160 mL (10 mg/mL)
1.69 to 1.84	2101 mg to 2306 mg	2200 mg per 220 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.21 to 2.28	2757 mg to 2856 mg	2800 mg (1400 mg bag + 1400 mg bag)*	2.61 to 2.64	3257 mg to 3306 mg	3300 mg (1700 mg bag + 1600 mg bag)*
1.85 to 1.96	2307 mg to 2456 mg	2400 mg (1200 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)			+ 1400 mg per 140 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1600 mg per 160 mL (10 mg/mL)
		1200 mg per 120 mL (10 mg/mL)	2.29 to 2.36	2857 mg to 2956 mg	2900 mg (1700 mg bag + 1200 mg bag)*			1700 mg per 170 mL (10 mg/mL)
		+ 1200 mg per 120 mL (10 mg/mL)			+ 1700 mg per 170 mL (10 mg/mL)	+ 1600 mg per 160 mL (10 mg/mL)		

\*Combinations of bags listed above are suggested combinations. Other possible combinations of bags can be used to reach the appropriate dose.

## INDICATIONS AND USAGE

INFUGEM™ (gemcitabine hydrochloride in 0.9% sodium chloride injection) is a nucleoside metabolic inhibitor indicated for:

**Ovarian Cancer:** in combination with carboplatin, for the treatment of advanced ovarian cancer that has relapsed at least 6 months after completion of platinum-based therapy.

**Breast Cancer:** in combination with paclitaxel, for first-line treatment of metastatic breast cancer after failure of prior anthracycline-containing adjuvant chemotherapy, unless anthracyclines were clinically contraindicated.

**Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer:** in combination with cisplatin for the first-line treatment of patients with inoperable, locally advanced (Stage IIIA or IIIB), or metastatic (Stage IV) non-small cell lung cancer.

**Pancreatic Cancer:** as first-line treatment for patients with locally advanced (nonresectable Stage II or Stage III) or metastatic (Stage IV) adenocarcinoma of the pancreas. INFUGEM™ is indicated for patients previously treated with fluorouracil.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### CONTRAINDICATIONS

INFUGEM™ is contraindicated in patients with a known hypersensitivity to gemcitabine. Reactions include anaphylaxis.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on next page and Full Prescribing Information.

**INFUGEM™**  
GEMCITABINE IN SODIUM CHLORIDE INJECTION

## INDICATIONS AND USAGE

INFUGEM™ (gemcitabine hydrochloride in 0.9% sodium chloride injection) is a nucleoside metabolic inhibitor indicated for:

**Ovarian Cancer:** in combination with carboplatin, for the treatment of advanced ovarian cancer that has relapsed at least 6 months after completion of platinum-based therapy.

**Breast Cancer:** in combination with paclitaxel, for first-line treatment of metastatic breast cancer after failure of prior anthracycline-containing adjuvant chemotherapy, unless anthracyclines were clinically contraindicated.

**Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer:** in combination with cisplatin for the first-line treatment of patients with inoperable, locally advanced (Stage IIIA or IIIB), or metastatic (Stage IV) non-small cell lung cancer.

**Pancreatic Cancer:** as first-line treatment for patients with locally advanced (nonresectable Stage II or Stage III) or metastatic (Stage IV) adenocarcinoma of the pancreas. INFUGEM™ is indicated for patients previously treated with fluorouracil.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### CONTRAINDICATIONS

INFUGEM™ is contraindicated in patients with a known hypersensitivity to gemcitabine. Reactions include anaphylaxis.

### WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

**Schedule-Dependent Toxicity:** In clinical trials evaluating the maximum tolerated dose of gemcitabine, prolongation of the infusion time beyond 60 minutes or more frequent than weekly dosing resulted in an increased incidence of clinically significant hypotension, severe flu-like symptoms, myelosuppression, and asthenia.

**Myelosuppression:** Myelosuppression manifested by neutropenia, thrombocytopenia, and anemia occurs with INFUGEM™ as a single agent. The risks are increased when INFUGEM™ is combined with other cytotoxic drugs. Monitor patients receiving INFUGEM™ prior to each dose with a complete blood count (CBC), including differential and platelet count, and modify the dosage as recommended.

**Pulmonary Toxicity and Respiratory Failure:** Permanently discontinue INFUGEM™ in patients who develop unexplained dyspnea, with or without bronchospasm, or have any evidence of pulmonary toxicity.

**Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome:** Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS), including fatalities from renal failure or the requirement for dialysis, can occur in patients treated with INFUGEM™. Most fatal cases of renal failure were due to HUS. Serious cases of thrombotic microangiopathy other than HUS have been reported with gemcitabine. Assess renal function prior to initiation of INFUGEM™ and periodically during treatment. Permanently discontinue INFUGEM™ in patients with HUS or severe renal impairment. Renal failure may not be reversible even with discontinuation of therapy.

**Hepatic Toxicity:** Drug-induced liver injury, including liver failure and death, has been reported in patients receiving gemcitabine alone or in combination with other potentially hepatotoxic drugs. Assess hepatic function prior to initiation of INFUGEM™ and periodically during treatment. Permanently discontinue INFUGEM™ in patients that develop severe liver injury.

**Embryo-Fetal Toxicity:** INFUGEM™ can cause harm to the fetus when administered to a pregnant woman. Advise females of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during treatment with INFUGEM™ and for 6 months after the final dose. Advise male patients with female partners of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during and for 3 months following the final dose of INFUGEM™.

**Exacerbation of Radiation Therapy Toxicity:** INFUGEM™ is not recommended for use in combination with radiation therapy, either concurrently or  $\leq 7$  days apart. Life-threatening mucositis, especially esophagitis and pneumonitis occurred in a trial in which gemcitabine was administered at a dose of 1000 mg/m<sup>2</sup> to patients with non-small cell lung cancer for up to 6 consecutive weeks concurrently with thoracic radiation.

Excessive toxicity has not been observed when gemcitabine is administered more than 7 days before or after radiation. Radiation recall has been reported in patients who receive gemcitabine after prior radiation.

**Capillary Leak Syndrome:** Capillary leak syndrome (CLS) with severe consequences has been reported in patients receiving gemcitabine as a single agent or in combination with other chemotherapeutic agents. Permanently discontinue INFUGEM™ if CLS develops during therapy.

**Posterior Reversible Encephalopathy Syndrome (PRES):** PRES has been reported in patients receiving gemcitabine as a single agent or in combination with other chemotherapeutic agents, and can present with headache, seizure, lethargy, hypertension, confusion, blindness, and other visual and neurologic disturbances. Confirm the diagnosis of PRES with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) and permanently discontinue INFUGEM™ if PRES develops during therapy.

### ADVERSE REACTIONS

The most common adverse reactions for the single agent ( $\geq 20\%$ ) are nausea/vomiting, anemia, hepatic transaminitis, neutropenia, increased alkaline phosphatase, proteinuria, fever, hematuria, rash, thrombocytopenia, dyspnea, and peripheral edema.

### USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Due to the potential for serious adverse reactions in nursing infants from INFUGEM™, woman should not breastfeed during treatment with INFUGEM™ and for at least one week after the last dose.

The safety and effectiveness of INFUGEM™ have not been established in pediatric patients.

**Please see [Full Prescribing Information](#).**

**To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Sun Pharmaceutical Industries, Inc. at 1-800-818-4555, or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch).**

